Engineering Curriculum Map

Year 7

Introduction to basic electrical engineering concepts and processes, through the construction of a USB powered lamp.

Year 8

To develop an understanding of more complex electronic engineering concepts and systems, through the construction of a battery powered 'Steady Hand Game'

Year 9/10/11

Basic electrical principles.

Circuits

Electronic systems control

Microprocessor and microcontroller control systems

Year 12

Materials technology and science

Mechanical systems

Year 13

Engineering design
Production and Manufacturing



Food Nutrition Curriculum Map

Year 7

Food preparation (highlighting good kitchen practices) and nutrition

Vear 8

Further enhance knowledge and skills in relation to food preparation (highlighting good kitchen practices) and nutrition

Year 9

Cooking with awareness of food groups, nutritional and multicultural cuisine.

Health and Safety, hygiene, healthy eating, cooking methods and recipe selection based on client needs.

Year 10

Advanced recipes and cooking tasks, expansion of cooking repertoire.

Nutrition, food provenance and food choice. Advanced preparation and cooking techniques.

Mock non examination assessment (NEA) 1 and NEA 2.

Year 11

NEA 1 Investigative task—Develop a hypothesis to subsequently test the properties of a process or ingredients

NEA 2 Design & Make Task—Explore the creative process in designing a selection of dishes for a specific cli-



Product Design Curriculum Map

Year 7

An introduction to mechanisms - A design and make project using a single material and a broad range of workshop equipment whilst developing research, designing and practical skills.

Year 8

An introduction to material selection and transformation—Designing and making a tea light holder using CAD, a range of materials and a broad range of workshop equipment and materials whilst developing research, designing and practical skills.

Year 9

Design and Technology GCSE - Further develop the knowledge of materials, production methods and sustainability through a range of design and make tasks using a range of materials and equipment.

Year 10

Design and Technology GCSE—Core and specialist theory.

Short NEA style example projects.

Examination board set real nonexamination assessment (NEA).

Year 11

Design and Technology GCSE— Revise core and specialist theory.

Complete NEA.

Year 12

A-Level Product Design—Practical skills and CADbased projects e.g. designing and making a lamp/ clock and a chair.

Theoretical knowledge

NEA project selection

Year 13

A-Level Product Design - Theory consolidation and revision

Complete NEA and associated paperwork.



Textiles Curriculum Map

Year 7

Introduction to the sewing machine

Design and make a fabric bean bag "stress chicken"

Year 8

An introduction to stitch, print and dye

Design and make a pencil case featuring sublimation printing and other practical skills such as embroidery.

Year 9

Fabric Journal
Skirt project (Fashion Project)
Cushion cover (Interior Project)

Year 10

Core theory knowledge Specialist theory knowledge Short non—examination assessment (NEA) example project

Year 11

Students begin NEA task
General theory revision examination
practice

Year 12/13

A-Level fashion and textiles—Practical skills based projects.

Theoretical knowledge

NEA project selection and completion.



Technology Assessment Guidance

The nature of the subject demands a specific approach whereby practical activities are primarily assessed in real time and the teacher concerned seeks to develop a relationship with the student that facilitates the deployment of a coaching model. This is under-pinned by traditional teaching in relation to the relevant theoretical knowledge associated with each subject. Each of these distinct requirements have a series of associated assessment techniques: In practical tasks, through the observation of individual student progress, short-term assessment takes the form of verbal feedback, support and practical demonstration. Mid-term staging points and summative assessment methods are used to arrive at a final assessment of the "finished product" and the associated documentation linked to a series of criteria either defined by the Academy (Years 7 and 8) or an external examination board (Years 9-13). Where the practical activity is associated with an external qualification, feedback is given in accordance with the examination board rules and guidelines. Theoretical component assessment is usually carried out as a series of written tasks or through an online learning environment. These are either formally assessed by the relevant teacher or by the online learning environment itself. In written form, assessment comprises praise, feedback and where relevant a score or grade/level. Where the assessment is online, specific feedback and scores are provided. The validity and reliability of the techniques described above is corroborated by the design of a seven year Scheme of Learning whereby the content and assessment methods found at A' Level are replicated in GCSE and in Years 7 and 8 albeit at a more basic level. Students derive value from the framework in terms of immediacy of feedback and through their understanding of the way they are being assessed against a series of shared criteria. This serves to identify gaps in their knowledge/evidence. Teachers derive value from the framework in that they can use the assessment data to inform module grades and written report content and through more detailed analysis, identify modifications to the associated Scheme of Learning for delivery to future cohorts.

